Ark Class EYFS Long Term Plan & Skills Progression 2024–2025

	Autumn I (7.5 wks)	Autumn 2 (7 wks)	Spring 1 (6 wks)	Spring 2 (6 wks)	Summer 1 (4.5 wks)	Summer 2 (7.5 wks)
Possible theme	All About Me & People Who Help Us	Celebrations	A journey in (dinosaurs, space, under the		How do we grow? (Growth and Change)	Traditional Tales
These may be			Tamescalar e, aparee, ansata me	cour, pur acces, ar anaper cr	Ten en ar anta en antage,	
adapted at	(What is special about me?					
various points to	Friendships, transition, people who					
allow for	help us, family and local					
children's	community)					
interests to flow						
through the						
provision						
Focus Text(s)	Starting School (3 days)	The Best Diwali Ever (I wk)	Star in the Jar (2 wks)	Ten Little Pirates (1 wk)	Errol's Garden (CLPE) (2	Come On Daisy (2 wks)
	The Colour Monster Goes to School	The Leaf Thief (2 wks)	Owl Babies (2 wks)	Stomp Dinosaurs Stomp (I wk)	wks)	Jack and the Beanstalk (2 wks)
	(3 wks)	The Gruffalo (2 wks)	Hooray for Fish (CLPE) (2 wks)	The Train Ride (CLPE) (2	The Runaway Pea (I wks)	Goldilocks and the Three Bears (2
	Rosie's Walk (2 wks)	The Twinkly, Twinkly Nativity (2		wks)	Oliver's Fruit Salad (2 wks)	wks)
	You Choose (2 wks)	wks)		We're Going on a Bear Hunt (2 wks)		Jasper's Beanstalk (1 wk)
Satellite Text(s)	Settling in	Seasons	Winter	Pancake Day	Growing	Children's First Cookbook
	Starting School	Pumpkin Soup	One Snowy Night	Mr Wolf's Pancakes	Jasper's Beanstalk	Bug Hotel
	Ruby's Worry	Polar Bear, Polar Bear, What Do	Owls	Dinosaurs	A Seed in Need	The Book Time Book of Fantastic
	The Worrysaurus	You Hear?	Space	Dinosaurs Love Underpants	The Tiny Seed	First Poems
	Super Duper You	Stick Man	Aliens Love Underpants	Transport	Errol's Garden	Minibeasts
	The Kissing Hand	The Jolly Postman	Astro Girl	My Big Book of Transport	Seed to Sunflower	Somebody Crunched Colin
	A Little Bit Brave	Paddington's Christmas Post	How to Catch a Star	Dig Dig Digging	Tadpole's Promise	Beetle in the Bath
	All about me	Ten Little Penguins	Look inside space	Pirates	Tadpole to Frog	Billy's Beetle
	All Kinds of Families	The Christmas Pine	The Darkest Dark	Pirate's Love Underpants	Tad	Incy Wincy Spider
	All Kinds of Friends	The Snowman	Transport	<u>Easter</u>	Eddie's Garden	What the Ladybird Heard
	Who are you?	Thinking about the seasons: Autumn	You Can't take an Elephant on the	We're Going on a Lion Hunt	Teeny Weeny Tadpole	Spinderella
	Welcome to our World	Egg to Penguin	Bus	We're Going on an Egg Hunt	Oliver's Vegetables	Traditional Tales
	Families		You Can't Let an Elephant Drive a	The Easter Story	Handa's Surprise	The Three Little Pigs
	Feelings How Can We Be Kind?		Digger Mrs Armitage on Wheels (bring your		The Very Hungry Caterpillar Growing and Changing	Little Red Riding Hood The Gingerbread Man
	Hello Me!		wheels to school day/week)		arowing and Changing	The Three Billy Goats Gruff
	Promoting oracy		Ocean			Twisted Fairy Tales
	Brown Bear, Brown Bear, What Do		Rainbow Fish			Traditional Tale Poetry
	You See?		Commotion in the Ocean			People who help us
	The Day the Crayons Quit		Encyclopaedia of very important			Amazing Machines
	Each Peach Pear Plum		oceans			Awesome Ambulances
	Mr Gumpy's Outing		The Proudest Blue			Topsy and Tim: Meet the Police
	Harvest		The Whale Who Wanted More			Real Superheroes
	Where does my food come from?		Somebody Swallowed Stanley			'
	Farmer duck					

'Wow' Moments	Birthday, date, weather (take first	Finding Gruffalo footprints and	New Year	Spring Walk	National Exercise Day — 18 th	30 Days Wild - June
/ opportunities	weather photo) and special events	characters in the woods	Winter Walk	Tell a Fairy Tale Day — 26 th	Apr	World Ocean Day — 8 th Jun
/ opportuntues	display	Diwali — 31st October	RSPB Big Schools Bird Watch — Jan	Feb	Earth Day — 22 nd Apr	Healthy Eating Week — 9 th — 13 th
	Measuring height with strings	Bon fire Night / Guy Fawkes — 5 th	- Feb	World Wildlife Day — 3 rd	Sun Awareness Week — 12 th —	Jun
	Drawing self-portraits	Nov	Chinese New Year — 29 th Jan	Mar	18 th May	Father's Day — 15 th Jun
	Creating sculptures of ourselves	Remembrance Sunday (make a poppy	National Storytelling week — 30 th	World Book Day — 6 th Mar	Walk to School Week — 20^{th}	Insect Week — 23^{rd} — 29^{th} June
	using dough	wreath) — 10 th Nov	Jan — 7 th Feb	Plant a Flower Day — 12 th	- 24 th May	World Refugee Day — 20 th Jun
	3 3	World Science Day — 10 th Nov	Pancake Day / Shrove Tuesday —	Mar	World Bee Day — 20 th May	National Smoothie Day — 21st Jun
	Looking at family photos	World Science Day — 10 Nov World Kindness Day — 13 th Nov	Fancake Day / Shrove Tuesday — 4 th March	Mother's Day — 30 th Mar	World Turtle Day — 23 rd	
	Favourite songs and rhymes	Nursery Rhyme Week II th — 15 th Nov	Lent — 5 th Mar — 17 th Apr	Comic Relief — 21st Mar	Vvoria Turile Day — 25 Mau	World Rainforest Day — 22 nd
	Feelings display / check in Harvest Time — 12 th Oct		I a	J	J	00000
		Odd Socks Day — 12 th Nov	Random Acts of Kindness Week 17 th	World Recycling Day — 18 th	Grow your own beanstalk!	Giant footprints, letter from the
	Autumn Trail	Anti-Bullying Week — II th — I5 th Nov	Feb 11 th F1	Mar 20th M	Making our own fruit salad	giant
		Children in Need — 15 th Nov	Valentine's Day — 14 th Feb	Oral Health Day — 20 th Mar	Map work — finding treasure	Observe beanstalk growth!
		Thanksgiving — 28 th Nov	Bring your wheels to school week	World Poetry Day — 21st Mar	Fossil hunt and creation	Measure ourselves
		Hanukah — 25 th Dec — 2 nd Jan	NSPCC Number Day — 7 th Feb	Walk to the park / picnic	Real life cycle experiences —	Following a map into the woods —
		Nativity Nativity	Making sea creature fossils	Planting seeds	chicks / caterpillars / tadpoles	just like Little Red
		Black history Month — Ist — 3Ist Oct		Signs of dinosaur visit in		Transitions
		World Space Week — 4 th Oct — 10 th		classroom		End of term experience — invite
		Oct		Easter — 20 th Apr		parents in for afternoon tea
				Weather experiments		made by children / family picnic
				Polytunnel and greenhouse		How I've grown production and
				growing		∨ideo
				Frogspawn / frogs /		Comparing height to strings from
				caterpillars / butterflies		beginning of the year
Personal, Social			r children to lead healthy and happy live			
and Emotional			ortive relationships with adults enable chil			
Development			, have confidence in their own abilities, t			
Managing Self –	guidance, they will learn how to loo		.ting , and manage personal needs independ			how to make good friendships, co-
Self Regulation		operate, and resolve conflicts peaceably.	These attributes will provide a secure plat	iform from which children can a	chieve at school and in later life.	
	Transitions	Remembering and following classroom	Feelings/understanding emotions	Work in a small group on	Settling back in after our	Discussing our half term — what
	Who is in our class? Who is in	and school rules / routines	Questions for owl babies	tasks like turn-taking games.	Easter break	did we do?
	our school?	Increased independence with putting	Following and understanding rules	Introduce child of the day —	Social games	Taking turns
	Circle time turn taking charing	on clothing / coats	Ball games	compliments	Following rules what are	Circle time activities questing the

Transitions
Who is in our class? Who is in
our school?
Circle time — turn taking, sharing
Discussions surrounding feelings —
The Colour Monster. What makes
people happy? How can we make
our friends happy?
Classroom and outdoor area
exploring
Classroom routines
Tidying up and looking after our
resources
Safely exploring emotion
Noticing and asking questions about
differences such as skin colour,
types of hair, gender, SEND and
so on.

Remembering and following classroom and school rules / routines
Increased independence with putting on clothing / coats
Support with buttons / zips — encouragement to try
What are you thankful for?
Snowflake unique pictures
Growing in independence — beginning to reject help

Feelings/understanding emotions
Questions for owl babies
Following and understanding rules
Ball games
Elaborate play ideas, role play children's choice
Effortful control / sense of
responsibility, board games
Feelings / how other people feel —
using puppets
Listening games

compliments. Read facial expressions and body language, extending the vocabulary of emotions Be increasingly able to talk about and manage their emotions Show strategies for staying calm in the face of frustration Understand a more complex understanding of feelings, begin to develop empathy by listening to others Perform confidently, retelling a story

Following rules — what are they? How can we keep safe? Reminders for tidying up What a tidy one looks like photos Friendships focus Safely exploring emotion Noticing and asking questions about differences such as skin colour, types of hair, gender, SEND and so on. Increasing our independence using knives to cut fruit for fruit salad. How can we be safe? How can we look after ourselves?

Circle time activities quessing the mini beast Healthy eating discussions making healthy snack choices Read Christina Rosetti's poem "Harm no living thing". How should animals be treated? How should we treat other people? All join in with the rhyme 'Incy Wincy Spider' - how do you think Incy was feeling as he went up, got washed out and climbed up again? How would you help him? Group discussions surrounding moving to a new class with new adults.

				Understand the importance of	Sun safety, dressing ourselves,	Circle time — quess the minibeast.
				being healthy and eating a	doing up zips and buttons.	Chn to give each other clues.
				balanced diet	Healthy eating — why is it	Parachute games
					important? Refer to literacy	Transitions
					fruit diary for the class.	Looking back at how far we've
					3 3 3	come
Physical	Physical activity is vital in children's	s all-round development, enabling them to	pursue happy, healthy, and active lives	Gross and fine motor experiences o	levelop incrementally throughout ea	rly childhood, starting with sensory
Development		a child's strength, co-ordination, and po				
•		adults can support children to develop the				
		ell-being. Fine motor control and precision				
		zzles, arts and crafts and the practice of				
	·	•	-	-		
	Whole class snack / milk / lunch	Whole class snack / milk / lunch	Gross motor activities	Real PE	Real PE	Preparing for Sports Day
	times	times	Moving in different ways outdoors	Daily fine motor activities —	Easel painting area — painting	Making minibeasts using clay.
	Managing own personal hygiene	Managing own personal hygiene	Funky finger fine motor activities	dough disco, funky finger	on a vertical surface	What features does your mini
	Dough disco, fine motor activities	Funky fingers: Rangoli patterns,	Developing a comfortable grip and	station	Gross motor development	beast have? How are you going to
	Threading, cutting, weaving	name recognition, threading,	food control when holding pens and	Developing a comfortable grip	activities	mould the plasticine with your
	Collaborating to tidy up and	Christmas decorations, shaving foam	pencils	and food control when holding	Funky finger fine motor	hands to make those features?
	moving large items	patterns	Spin, roll and independently use ropes	pens and pencils	activities — daily dough disco	Make a spider's web by weaving
	Moving, jumping, balancing,	Dough disco	and swings (for example, tyre	Continue to develop their	Daily name writing practise	wool on card. Cutting carefully.
	standing on one leg	Clap and stamp to music. Fit	swings).	movement, balancing, riding	Use large-muscle movements to	Real PE
		themselves into spaces, like tunnels,	Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use	(scooters, trikes and bikes) and	wave flags and streamers,	Gross motor activities
		dens and large boxes, and move	a scooter or ride a tricycle.	ball skills. Go up steps and	paint and make marks. Start	Writing our name
		around in them.	-	stairs, or climb up apparatus,	taking part in some group	Mark making
		Enjoy starting to kick, throw and		using alternate feet. Skip, hop,	activities which they make up	
		catch balls.		stand on one leg and hold a	for themselves, or in teams.	
				pose for a game like musical		
				statues.		
Communication		spoken language underpins all seven areas				
and Language		onment is needed to enhance and encoura				
		vocabulary added , practitioners will build				
		tunities to use and embed new words in a				
		delling from their teacher, and sensitive o				
	Daily circle time, rules, routines,	Singing nursery rhymes	Discussions surrounding our	Discussions surrounding our	Discussing our Easter breaks —	Once upon a time picture
	listening games, team games	Orally retelling stories	Christmas break. New Year — what	half term holidays. What did	refer to Tapestry posts. Class	inference
	Singing familiar nursery rhymes —	Role play in role play areas	does this mean?	we get up to?	mind map.	Doctors role play
	learning new rhymes	Talk 4 Writing — retelling story with	What would you like to do this term?	What is Shrove Tuesday?	Spring listening and looking	Nursery rhymes using instruments
	Model routines throughout the day	actions, making marks on story maps	Taking turns when speaking and	Taking turns when speaking	walk — what can you hear?	— listening focus
	Settling in activities	/ mountains	listening	and listening.	What can you see?	Mystery box — story telling with
	Making friends	Understand simple instructions like	Story retelling with props	Retelling stories	Learning spring rhymes	props
	Children talking about experiences	'give to' or 'stop'. Recognise and	Learning new vocabulary — countries	Describing flowers — which is	Obseerving tadpoles and plants	Making talking telephones using
	that are familiar to them —	point to objects if asked about them.	from around the world	your favourite? What colour	— describing what we see,	tubes
	looking at Tapestry and family		Bring your wheels to school week —	is it?	using new vocabulary learnt.	Describe me bags — what can you
	photos		discussions. What has wheels? Walk	Developing conversation.	Phonics activities	feel?
	Colour Monster — feelings, verbal		around school.	Describing our mums for	Listening to and discussing	Scavenger hunts — pictures and
	check in		Discussions surrounding what lives in	Mother's Day cards.	longer stories as we make our	lists
	Role play from own experiences and		the ocean, comparing animals in cold	What is Comic Relief?	way through them	Use longer sentences of four to six
	stories		countries to those in ours.	Acting on longer sentences	Discussions surrounding	words. Be able to express a point
					growing and exotic fruits	of view and to debate when they

Literacy	Nature walk — what can you see / hear? Begin short whole class sessions. Talk + Writing — verbally retelling stories with actions, using vocabulary such as 'Once upon a time', 'unfortunately', 'luckily',	a life-long love of reading . Reading consi	Explore our focus story using ocean small world tray. small world tray. ists of two dimensions: language comprehe	Understanding a question or instruction that has two parts Discussing oral health Understanding 'why' questions Discussions surrounding Easter and the Easter story Singing Easter songs and rhymes	Understand and act on longer sentences like 'make teddy jump' or 'find your coat'. Understand simple questions about 'who', 'what' and 'where' (but generally not 'why'). Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens.	disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns. Use talk to organise themselves and their play.
Reading, writing & Phonics	birth. It only develops when adults	talk with children about the world aroun ing out of the pronunciation of unfamili	d them and the books (stories and non-fi ar printed words (decoding) and the spee osition (articulating ideas and structuring	ction) they read with them, and e dy recognition of familiar printed	njoy rhymes, poems and songs toge	ther . Skilled word reading, taught
	Reading Enjoys songs and rhymes, tuning in and paying attention. Joins in with songs and rhymes, copying sounds, rhythms, tunes and tempo. Say some of the words in songs and rhymes. Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing. Name recognition	Reading Enjoy sharing books with an adult. Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words. Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone. Name recognition	Reading Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories. Develop play around favourite stories using props. Ask questions about the books. Makes comments and shares their own ideas.	Reading Notice some print, such as the first letter of their name, a bus or door number, or a familiar logo. Begin to understand the five key concepts about print: - print has meaning — the names of the different parts of a book — prints can have different purposes — page sequencing — we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom.	Reading Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can begin to: – spot and suggest rhymes – count or clap syllables in a word – recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother. Begin to engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.	Reading Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can begin to: - spot and suggest rhymes — count or clap syllables in a word — recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother. Begin to engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary.
	Writing Enjoy drawing freely. Give some meanings to the marks we make. Fine motor practise.	Writing Enjoy drawing freely. Begin to add some marks to their drawings, which they give meaning to. For example, "That says mummy."	Writing Add some marks to their drawings, which they give meaning to. For example, "That says mummy." Make marks on their picture to stand for their name. Handwriting — Develop manipulation and control.	Writing Make marks on their picture to stand for their name. Begin to use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; write 'm' for mummy. Handwriting — Explore different materials and tools.	Writing Begin to write some or all of their name. Handwriting — Begin to use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.	Writing Begin to write some letters accurately. Write some or all of their name. Handwriting — Show a preference for a dominant hand.
	Phonics Environmental sounds.	Phonics Instrumental sounds. RWI Phonics sounds exposure in the provision.	Phonics Body percussion. RWI Phonics	Phonics Rhythm and rhyme. Alliteration. RWI Phonics — set I	Phonics Alliteration. Voice sounds. RWI Phonics — set I	Phonics Oral blending and segmenting. RWI Phonics — set I recap and blending

Mathematics Number Measure, shape and Spatial thinking.	Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to IO, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding – such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting – children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be a fraid to make mistakes.							
	2-year olds Finger rhymes Numbers I-3 Comparing amounts Matching numbers I-3 Finger counting to 5 Spatial awareness, building puzzles Comparing quantities Counting in everyday contexts Number recognition up to 3 Recite to at least 5 Spatial awareness, building, puzzles 3 and 4-year-olds Consolidate I-3 Ordering Counting Finger counting to 5 Comparing quantities Symbols and marks Problem solving up to 5 2 and 3D shapes Composition Position Location / routes Comparing with measures Pattern Counting Ordering Comparing with measures Finger counting to 5	2-year olds Number recognition up to 3 Recite to at least 5 Spatial awareness, building, puzzles Selecting shapes appropriately Finger rhymes Counting in sequence Counting in everyday contexts 2 and 3D shapes Composition Finger counting to 5 Comparing with measures 3 and 4-year-olds Counting Ordering Comparing with measures Finger counting to 5 Symbols and marks Problem solving up to 5 2 and 3D shapes Position Location/routes Comparing with measures	2-year olds Pattern Counting Matching Problem solving up to 5 Comparing quantities Finger rhymes 2 and 3D shapes Composition Position Pattern 3 and 4-year-olds Pattern Counting Ordering Finger numbers to 5 Symbols and marks Comparing quantities 2 and 3D shape Composition Pattern Sequencing	2-year olds Subitising to 3 Counting to 5 Matching Finger counting to 5 Symbols and marks Comparing with measures Problem solving up to 5 3 and 1-year-olds Subitising Counting Ordering Sorting and matching Finger numbers to 5 Symbols and marks Counting Ordering Matching Comparing quantities 2 and 3 D shape	2-year olds 2 and 3 D shapes Composition Comparing with measures Comparing quantities Symbols and marks Finger rhymes Counting beyond 5 3 and 1-year-olds Shape Comparing measures Composition Solve problems up to 5 and beyond Symbols and marks Comparing quantities Counting Sequencing	2-year olds Position Routes/locations Sequencing Problem solving up to 5 Comparing quantities Pattern Counting Comparing with measures Finger counting 3 and 4-year-olds Counting Position Routes/locations Sequencing Solving problems beyond 5 Pattern Counting Comparing measures		
Inderstanding the World Religious Education / Festivals	around them — from visiting parks,	uiding children to make sense of their ph libraries and museums to meeting import ding of our culturally, socially, technolog across domains. E Notice differences between people. Explore materials with different properties. Explore natural materials,	tant members of society such as police of	ficers, nurses and firefighters. In vell as building important knowledg	addition, listening to a broad selecter, this extends their familiarity wi	tion of stories, non-fiction, rhymes		
	(learning body parts) Noticing seasonal changes	indoors and outside. Diwali. The Nativity.	books.	and their differences Different forces we can feel	RE sessions Li fecycles — beanstalk, sunflowers, frogs, butterflies.	and use of adjectives 'What Why Children in Hospita videos — link to role play area		

	Making connections between the features of their family and other families. Repeat actions that have an effect. Harvest / Creation. Notice differences between people RE — Many people call themselves a Christian, Christian's believe in God	Noticing seasonal changes — October, November, December photo for weather display. What has changed? Introduction to chrome books Exploring animals from cold countries RE - Christian's worship in a church, Christian's believe Jesus was God's son, Christmas	Exploring ice, observing changes that occur during melting and freezing. What does salt do to ice? Identifying cold countries in the world, finding them on a map and globe. Compare to our country. What animals live in different countries? What lives in the ocean? Where is our country on the globe? What is above us? What is space? What do astronauts do? Discuss visuals of space. Explore day and night, light and dark. Explore natural materials, indoors and outside. RE — Christianity: Bishop's Mitre, Judaism: Kippah, Islam: Hijab, Sikhism: Turban	Photos of holidays / families around the world — discussions How things work — mechanical equipment, BeeBots Maps — bear hunt around the field, making our own maps Shrove Tuesday / Ash Wednesday. RE — Let's celebrate — Easter	Looking after our plants. Noticing change in class tadpoles — look back at photos and compare. Comparisons — baby to adult. Learning about different fruits and vegetables — similarities and differences. How have we grown up? RE — Let's celebrate — Eid al Fitr, Purim, Vaisakhi	Explore roles of people who help use Show interest in different occupations Sun safety Discuss where mini beasts like to live — compare How have we grown? Physical and mental changes. Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. Our school values.
Expressive Arts and Design	a wide range of media and materia arts . The	c and cultural awareness supports their i Is. The quality and variety of what child frequency, repetition and depth of their nusical worlds. Invite musicians in to play Explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as brushes and other tools. Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a meaning to the	magination and creativity. It is importan Iren see, hear and participate in is crucio experiences are fundamental to their pro	al for developing their understandinggress in interpreting and appreciati	ng, self-expression, vocabulary and ing what they hear, respond to and	ability to communicate through the dobserve.

Songs and rhymes
Imaginative role play
Colour exploration
Self-portraits
Creating sculptures of ourselves
using dough
Acting out and joining in with
story books and rhymes
Play instruments
Build using construction
Show attention to sounds and
music. Respond emotionally and
physically to music when it
changes.
Autumn collages, leaf hedgehogs,
leaf rubbings.

brushes and other tools. Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a meaning to the marks they make.

Move and dance to music. Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs, like 'Peepo'.

Poppy craft for Remembrance Day Rocket and firework pictures.

Rangoli rice patterns

Making Christmas bakes, decorations.

Diva lamps.

The Nativity.

Norfolk Music Hub sessions

Collage — Gruffalo

Drawing Gruffalo fur

Collage baubles

sounds. Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds. Make rhythmical and repetitive sounds. Making lanterns, puppet making (shadows) Making snow 2025 calendars Owl craft / painting Percussion instruments, body percussion Arctic animal crafts, white paints with fork for fur Pressing ocean animals into playdough - what do you notice? Ocean watercolour paintings Norfolk Music Hub sessions Space paintings

Yayoi Kusama — dinosaur egg sculptures, dinosaur headbands.
Making / tasting pancakes.
Making train role play
Use their imagination as they consider what they can do with different materials.
Make simple models which express their ideas.
Explore a range of soundmakers and instruments and play them in different ways.
Enjoy and take part in action songs, such as 'Twinkle, Twinkle Little Star'.
Easter crafts, Mother's Day crafts.
Norfolk Music Hub sessions

Garden centre role play
Piet Mondrian — exploring his
artwork, making our own.
Observational drawings —
plants, fruit, tadpoles
Rolling pea pictures
Fruit and veg printing
Make imaginative and complex
'small worlds' with blocks and
construction kits, such as a
city with different buildings
and a park. Explore different
materials freely, in order to
develop their ideas about how
to use them and what to
make. Develop their own ideas
and then decide which
materials to use to express
them.

them.

Listen with increased attention
to sounds. Respond to what
they have heard, expressing
their thoughts and feelings.

Making superhero masks / people who help us hats Printing mini beasts Observational drawings Printing fruit and vegetables Salt dough mini beasts Drawing insects and animals Fingerprint minibeasts Exploring colour - A colour of his own — Leo Lionni Exploring 3D shapes Shape and form Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including

					Remember and sing an entire song. Junk modelling, houses, bridges, boats and transport. Norfolk Music Hub sessions	details. Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. Father's Day crafts.
Outdoor Learning Weekly focus session.	How to be safe outdoors Exploring our different outdoor areas around school Rules and Routines 3-2-I listening and recall games Harvest Listening walk	Natural shapes in the environment, leaf confetti — shape cutters Leaf investigation. Natural Christmas decorations.	Exploring signs of winter — update our weather display. The 'Big Schools' bird watch RSPB. Scavenger hunt in outdoor areas — find squares and rectangles. Tree observation. Den building [spaceships].	Crafty Easter eggs with clay. Preparing the flowerbed. How do things grow? Planting seeds. Decorate plant pot for Mother's Day	Preparing and maintaining the flower bed/ poly tunnel. How do things grow? Tree observation. Bee keeper visit? Importance of bees — germination of plants — how bees pollinate flowers,	Father's Day Plant diary. Minibeasts. Life cycle of a ladybird/ butterfly / bee. Shape in the outdoor environment — drawing shapes on the
Assessment	Explore different types of weather — log on our weather display, with photos In house nursery baseline	Ongoing assessments		Pupil progress meetings	fruit and vegetables that provide food for people and animals. Trust moderation	playground with chalk. Pupil progress meetings
Opportunities	Tapestry set up Book look Parents evening	Baseline analysis Pupil progress meetings		Tapestry Data analysis Ongoing assessments	Report writing	EOY Data EOY assessments

Development Matters 2021 Curriculum Links:

Birth to Three	3 & 4Year olds		
Turn towards familiar sounds. They are also startled by loud noises and accurately locate the source of a familiar person's voice, such as their key person or a parent. Gaze at faces, copying facial expressions and movements like sticking out their tongue. Make eye contact for longer periods. Watch someone's face as they talk. Copy what adults do, taking 'turns' in conversations (through babbling) and activities. Try to copy adult spee and ly movements. Enjoy singing, music and togs that make sounds. Recognise and are calmed by a familiar and friendly voice. Listen and respond to a simple instruction. Make sounds to get attention in different ways (for example, crying when hungry or unhappy, making gurgling sounds, laughing, cooing or babbling). Babble, using sounds like baba', 'mammam'. Use gestures like waving and pointing to communicate. Reach or point to something they want while making sounds. Copy your gestures and words. Constantly babble and use single words during play. Use intonation, pitch and changing volume when 'talking'. Reach or point to something they want while making sounds. Copy your gestures and words. Constantly babble and use single words during play. Use intonation, pitch and changing volume when 'talking'. Understand single words in contect —'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'. Understand single words in contect —'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'. Understand single words in contect —'cup', 'milk', 'daddy'. Understand single words in context — cup', 'milk', 'daddy'. Understand single words in context — cup', 'milk', 'daddy'. Understand single words words as well as actions. Start to develop conversation, often jumping from topic to topic. Develop pretend play: 'putting the baby to sleep'	 Understand a question or instruction that has two parts, such as "Get your coat and wait at the door". • Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?" • Sing a large repertoire of songs. Know many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. Develop their communication, but may continue to have problems with irregular tenses and plurals, such as 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'. Develop their pronunciation but may have problems saying: - some sounds: r, j, th, ch, and sh - multisyllabic words such as 'pterodactyl', 'planetarium' or 'hippopotamus' Use longer sentences of four to six words. Be able to express a point of view and to debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. Start a conversation with an adult or a friend and continue it for many turns. Use talk to organise themselves and their play: "Let's go on a bus you sit there I'll be the driver." 		

P S E D	Find ways to calm themselves, through being calmed and comforted by their key person. Establish their sense of self. Express preferences and decisions. They also try new things and start establishing their autonomy. Engage with others through gestures, gaze and talk. • Use that engagement to achieve a goal. For example, gesture towards their cup to say they want a drink. Find ways of managing transitions, for example from their parent to their key person. Thrive as they develop self-assurance. Look back as they crawl or walk away from their key person. Look for clues about how to respond to something interesting. Play with increasing confidence on their own and with other children, because they know their key person is nearby and available. • Feel confident when taken out around the local neighbourhood, and enjoy exploring new places with their key person. Feel strong enough to express a range of emotions. Grow in independence, rejecting help ("me do it"). Sometimes this leads to feelings of frustration and tantrums. Begin to show 'effortful control'. For example, waiting for a turn and resisting the strong impulse to grab what they want or push their way to the front. Be increasingly able to talk about and manage their emotions. Notice and ask questions about differences, such as skin colour, types of hair, gender, special needs and disabilities, and so on. Develop friendships with other children. Safely explore emotions beyond their normal range through play and stories. Are talking about their feelings in more elaborated ways: "I'm sad because" or "I love it when". Learn to use the toilet with help, and then independently Lift their head while lying on their front.	 Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen, or one which is suggested to them. Develop their sense of responsibility and membership of a community. Become more outgoing with unfamiliar people, in the safe context of their setting. Show more confidence in new social situations. Play with one or more other children, extending and elaborating play ideas. Find solutions to conflicts and rivalries. For example, accepting that not everyone can be Spider-Man in the game, and suggesting other ideas. Increasingly follow rules, understanding why they are important. Remember rules without needing an adult to remind them. Develop appropriate ways of being assertive. Talk with others to solve conflicts. Talk about their feelings using words like 'happy', 'sad', 'angry' or 'worried'. Understand gradually how others might be feeling. Be increasingly independent in meeting their own care needs, e.g., brushing teeth, using the toilet, washing and drying their hands thoroughly. Make healthy choices about food, drink, activity and toothbrushing.
h	Push their chest up with straight arms.	 Continue to develop their movement, balancing, riding (scooters, trikes and bikes) and ball skills. Go up steps and stairs, or climb up apparatus, using alternate feet.
9 s	Roll over: from front to back, then back to front.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
i	Enjoy moving when outdoors and inside.	 Skip, hop, stand on one leg and hold a pose for a game like musical statues.
С	Sit without support. Begin to crawl in different ways and directions.	 Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks.
a	Pull themselves upright and bouncing in preparation for walking.	Start taking part in some group activities which they make up for themselves, or in teams.
•	Reach out for objects as co-ordination develops.	 Increasingly able to use and remember sequences and patterns of movements which are related to music
•	Pass things from one hand to the other. Let go of things and hands them to another person, or drops them.	and rhythm.
·	Gradually gain control of their whole body through continual practice of large movements, such as waving, kicking, rolling, crawling and walking.	 Match their developing physical skills to tasks and activities in the setting. For example, they decide whether to crawl, walk or run across a plank, depending on its length and width.
•	Clap and stamp to music. Fit themselves into spaces, like tunnels, dens and large boxes, and move around in them.	 Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. For example, choosing a spade to enlarge a small hole they dug with a trowel.
•	Enjoy starting to kick, throw and catch balls. Build independently with a range of appropriate resources.	Collaborate with others to manage large items, such as moving a long plank safely, carrying large hollow
•	Begin to walk independently — choosing appropriate props to support at first.	blocks.
•	Walk, run, jump and climb — and start to use the stairs independently.	 Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors.
•	Spin, roll and independently use ropes and swings (for example, tyre swings).	Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils.
•	Sit on a push-along wheeled toy, use a scooter or ride a tricycle. Use large and small motor skills to do things independently, for example manage buttons and zips, and pour drinks.	Show a preference for a dominant hand.
	Show an increasing desire to be independent, such as wanting to feed themselves and dress or undress.	Be increasingly independent as they get dressed and undressed, for example, putting coats on and doing
•	Start eating independently and learning how to use a knife and fork.	up zips.
•	Develop manipulation and control.	
•	Explore different materials and tools.	

Enjoy songs and rhymes, tuning in and paying attention. Join in with songs and rhymes, copying sounds, rhythms, tunes and tempo. Say some of the words in songs and rhymes. Copy finger movements and other gestures. Sing songs and say rhymes independently, for example, singing whilst playing. Enjoy sharing books with an adult. Pay attention and respond to the pictures or the words. Have favourite books and seek them out, to share with an adult, with another child, or to look at alone. Repeat words and phrases from familiar stories. Ask questions about the book. Makes comments and shares their own ideas. Develop play around favourite stories using props. Notice some print, such as the first letter of their name, a bus or door number, or a familiar logo. Enjoy drawing freely. Add some marks to their drawings, which they give meaning to. For example: "That says mummy."	 Understand the five key concepts about print: – print has meaning – the names of the different parts of a book – print can have different purposes – page sequencing – we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: – spot and suggest rhymes – count or clap syllables in a word – recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. Use some of their print and letter knowledge in their early writing. For example: writing a pretend shopping list that starts at the top of the page; writing 'm' for mummy. Write some or all of their name. Write some letters accurately
Combine objects like stacking blocks and cups. Put objects inside others and take them out again. Take part in finger rhymes with numbers. React to changes of amount in a group of up to three items. Compare amounts, saying 'lots', 'more' or 'same'. Develop counting-like behaviour, such as making sounds, pointing or saying some numbers in sequence. Count in everyday contexts, sometimes skipping numbers - 'l-2-3-5.' Climb and squeeze themselves into different types of spaces. Build with a range of resources. Complete inset puzzles. Compare sizes, weights etc. using gesture and language - 'bigger/little/smaller', 'high/low', 'tall', 'heavy'. Notice patterns and arrange things in patterns.	 Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects, without having to count them individually ('subitising'). Recite numbers past 5. Say one number for each item in order: 1,2,3,4,5. Know that the last number reached when counting a small set of objects tells you how many there are in total ('cardinal principle'). Show 'finger numbers' up to 5. Link numerals and amounts: for example, showing the right number of objects to match the numeral, up to 5. Experiment with their own symbols and marks as well as numerals. Solve real world mathematical problems with numbers up to 5. Compare quantities using language: 'more than', 'fewer than'. Talk about and explore 2D and 3D shapes (for example, circles, rectangles, triangles and cuboids) using informal and mathematical language: 'sides', 'corners'; 'straight', 'flat', 'round'. Understand position through words alone — for example, "The bag is under the table," — with no pointing. Describe a familiar route. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'. Make comparisons between objects relating to size, length, weight and capacity. Select shapes appropriately: flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof, etc. Combine shapes to make new ones — an arch, a bigger triangle, etc. Talk about and identifies the patterns around them. For example: stripes on clothes, designs on rugs and wallpaper. Use informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs', etc. Extend and create ABAB patterns — stick, leaf; stick, leaf. Notice and correct an error in a repeating pattern. Begin to describe a sequence of events, real or fictional, using words such as 'first', 'then'

U t W Repeat actions that have an effect. Explore materials with different properties. Explore natural materials, indoors and outside. Explore and respond to different natural phenomena in their setting and on trips. Make connections between the features of their family and other families. Notice differences between people.	 Use all their senses in hands-on exploration of natural materials. Explore collections of materials with similar and/or different properties. Talk about what they see, using a wide vocabulary. Begin to make sense of their own life-story and family's history. Show interest in different occupations. • Explore how things work. Plant seeds and care for growing plants. Understand the key features of the life cycle of a plant and an animal. Begin to understand the need to respect and care for the natural environment and all living things. Explore and talk about different forces they can feel. Talk about the differences between materials and changes they notice. Continue developing positive attitudes about the differences between people. Know that there are different countries in the world and talk about the differences they have experienced or seen in photos.
Show attention to sounds and music. Respond emotionally and physically to music when it changes. Move and dance to music. Anticipate phrases and actions in rhymes and songs, like 'Peepo'. Explore their voices and enjoy making sounds. Join in with songs and rhymes, making some sounds. Make rhythmical and repetitive sounds. Explore a range of soundmakers and instruments and play them in different ways. Notice patterns with strong contrasts and be attracted by patterns resembling the human face. Start to make marks intentionally. Explore paint, using fingers and other parts of their bodies as well as brushes and other tools. Express ideas and feelings through making marks, and sometimes give a meaning to the marks they make. Enjoy and take part in action songs, such as 'Twinkle, Twinkle Little Star'. Start to develop pretend play, pretending that one object represents another. For example, a child holds a wooden block to her ear and pretends it's a phone. Explore different materials, using all their senses to investigate them. Manipulate and play with different materials. Use their imagination as they consider what they can do with different materials. Make simple models which express their ideas.	 Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc. Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park. Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. Join different materials and explore different textures. Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. Draw with increasing complexity and detail, such as representing a face with a circle and including details. Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises. Show different emotions in their drawings and paintings, like happiness, sadness, fear, etc. Explore colour and colour-mixing. Listen with increased attention to sounds. Respond to what they have heard, expressing their thoughts and feelings. Remember and sing entire songs. Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down, down and up) of familiar songs. Create their own songs or improvise a song around one they know. Play instruments with increasing control to express their feelings and ideas.